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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1905. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

FIFTY-FIFTH YEAR.

RUSSIANS FLANKED ON BOTH SIDES.

Japanese Troops Are in Pursuit And Are Inflicting Heavy Losses.

THE ARMY IS STILL IN DANGER.

Casualties and Losses in Guns and Munitions of War Are Enormous.

PRISONERS MAY NUMBER 50,000.

Not Improbable That but a Small Fraction of Kuropatkin's Army Will Emerge from the Disaster.

Tokio, March 11, 2 p. m.—The Russian forces are now retreating from Mukden, northward.

They are flanked on both sides by the Japanese troops in pursuit, and are suffering heavy losses.

HARASSING KUROPATKIN'S FLANKS.

St. Petersburg, March 11, 3:10 p. m.—The Associated Press learns that the dispatch received by Emperor Nicholas, from Gen. Kuropatkin last night, in addition to announcing the retreat of the Russian armies, added:

"Our retreat is being conducted with the enemy harassing both our flanks.

"The second army under Bludner has suffered the heaviest, both in killed, wounded and prisoners. How many are still in danger is unknown. The army is still in danger."

The army was still in danger when Kuropatkin telegraphed, but the situation is better than the public believes, EXTENT OF DISASTER UNKNOWN.

Tokio, March 11, 8 a. m.—The full extent of the Russian disaster is still unknown here. It is known, however, that the casualties and losses in guns and munitions of war are enormous. The approximate figures are unobtainable as yet. It is expected that the prisoners will number many thousands. Local estimates of the number taken vary from 20,000 to 50,000.

It is not clear yet whether Gen. Kuropatkin planned to stand and hold his line north of the Hun river or retire, until he found it too late to accomplish his plan with the forces at his command, owing to his confidence in the ability of the Russian army to withstand assault. His action in heavily reinforcing his right in the neighborhood of Mukden, incline many to the belief that he planned to hold the line on the Hun river and attempted to check flank attacks.

By a desperate onslaught the Japanese drove a wedge through the line of the Hun river and then pressing northward practically created a giant corridor about Mukden, bagging a tremendous force of the Russians, completed yesterday. Desperate fighting continued during yesterday, the Russians striving to break the encircling barrier.

It is evident that the losses on both sides yesterday are swelling the already tremendous total involved in the capture of Mukden and the continuous heavy fighting.

It is now known that as a result of the operations yesterday, if the Japanese army succeeds in constructing the line of retreat between Fushan and Tientsin, by a small fraction of Kuropatkin's army will emerge from the disaster.

THE JAPANESE WEDGE.

Tokio, March 11, noon.—The Japanese wedge driven through the Russian center on the Hun river continues to advance north. It has already arrived at Hamo, some distance northeast of Mukden.

It is reported that the Russians are retreating north along the railway, evidently very badly confused, being caught between the wedge and the extreme Japanese left, northwest of Mukden.

They have been heavily punished during their retreat along the described route, the Japanese shelling the disordered masses of the Russians.

Minister of War Teramachi has telegraphed his congratulations to Field Marshal Oyama, the officers and men of his army, in their victory.

Field Marshal Oyama in reply ascribes his success to the emperor and the gallantry and bravery of his officers and men.

PURSING RUSSIANS VIGOROUSLY.

Tokio, March 11, 6 p. m.—Later in the day the following dispatch was received from the headquarters of the Japanese army in the field:

"Our force in the Singking direction, after carrying the enemy's position on the northern heights of Fushan, pursued him as far as Hulyungpao, five miles north of Fushan, and at 11 o'clock last night resumed a vigorous pursuit of him.

"Today we captured a few hundred light railway wagons and other spoils which are under investigation."

Admiral Ito, chief of the general staff, and Admiral Yamamoto, minister of the navy, have telegraphed their congratulations to Field Marshal Oyama.

JAPS ATTACK SUPERIOR FORCE.

Tokio, March 11, 7 p. m.—The following dispatch from the headquarters of the Japanese army in the field was received today:

"In the Singking (Lenden) direction our forces are now attacking a superior force of the enemy, occupying the northern height near Fushan.

IRRIGATION COMMITTEES TO VISIT THE WEST.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., March 11.—The irrigation committees of the senate and house are planning a trip through the west, leaving Chicago, June 1 over the Rock Island road. The party, consisting of members of the committees and their wives, will proceed to El Paso, Tex. During the month of June, every government reclamation project now under construction will be visited. The party will witness the opening of the irrigation system at Hazen, Nev., June 17. Proceeding to Salt Lake City, the committees go to the northwest, and from there return into Wyoming, breaking up in Denver early in July. Chairman Wendell is making vigorous efforts to have members from the east and those unacquainted with irrigation work accompany the committees.

The Hun river between Mukden and Fushan and reached the Pu river, 13 miles north of Mukden, and at sunset was inflicting heavy damage to the remnants of the enemy.

Our detachment is now trying to annihilate them.

AT TIE PASS.

Tie Pass, Manchuria, Friday, March 10, 11:20 a. m.—Just before sundown Thursday the dust storm which has been hanging like pall over the battlefield, lifted and the artillery immediately reopened fire, the bombardment having died down to almost nothing during the day, both of the tired armies having rested by a few Russian entries. All noise was hushed, the streets were empty and many shops were closed. The Chinese were appalled by the proximity of the artillery fire and the terrifying gloom which seemed to forebode the coming of evil.

Gen. Kuropatkin had held all his positions for two days, actually pushing back the Japanese north of the imperial tombs which were no longer reached by the enemy's shells. The sacred ground remained guarded against penetration by a few Russian entries. On Thursday evening Gen. Rennenkampf made a counter attack on the Japanese and took three machine guns. He then retired from his strong position at Machunghun and fell back, making a stand in the hills several miles south of Fushan.

Immediately south of Mukden the Japanese reached the head of the bridge over the Hun river.

The Japanese left is still reported to be working north and the sound of heavy fire is increasing in that direction.

The position of the Russian army at nightfall Thursday seemed good, with critical fighting west of the railroad between Mukden and Tientsin imminent. By dawn Friday the settlement was cleared and empty and prepared for all eventualities.

Judge Geo. W. Wakefield Dead.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 11.—George W. Wakefield, judge of the district court and ex-president of the Iowa State Bar association, is dead, aged 65 years.

Fine California Condor.

San Francisco, March 11.—A magnificent living specimen of the California condor has been shipped from here for the Central Park zoo in New York. It measures 11 feet from tip to tip.

TRAINS RUN ON ALL BRANCHES OF INTERBOROUGH SYSTEM

New York, March 11.—Although nearly two days have passed since the political leaders of the unions involved in the big railway street strike were repudiated by their national officers and the strikers ordered back to work, conditions on the affected lines have not become normal. Trains were running today on only a few branches of the Interborough Rapid Transit company's system, but of reduced and in some cases irregular schedules. As has been the case from the first, the subway was seriously affected and fell today, making a stand in the hills several miles south of Fushan.

All trains were badly crowded, however, and much more time was consumed in making runs than is provided for by the regular schedules. The Third avenue elevated trains were running from 15 to 20 minutes headway early in the day, far away from the regular schedule and the cars were much crowded. On the Sixth and Ninth avenue lines conditions were better, but the trains moved slowly and much more infrequently than under the regular schedule.

It is probable now that many of the former employees of the company who went on strike never will be re-employed. It had been announced that all of them would be recalled to work as individuals, that they had forfeited their rights to seniority by their action in joining the strikers, and that they would be obliged to accept a lower rate of wages than they had received.

Later it was announced that the company had decided not to take on any of the men over 40 years of age. If this plan is carried out it will affect hundreds of men who had been employed on the elevated for many years.

California Saloon Robbed

Stockton, Cal., March 11.—The saloon of E. Bellich & Co., at Angel's camp, a Calaveras mining town, was broken into last night and the safe removed to the back yard, where it was placed bottomside up, a hole made in the bottom with tools stolen from a blacksmith shop at Ataville, three miles distant and \$2,500 in cash stolen. There is no clue to the perpetrators.

Trading in Copper Shares.

Boston, Mass., March 11.—Trading in copper shares opened with exceptional strength on the Boston stock exchange today, copper range being the principal attraction. The movement today followed a buoyant tendency noted for two or three days past, but the boom in copper range was attributed to a personal newspaper advertisement predicting a high mark for this stock, which appeared today signed by a Boston operator. Copper range which opened at 77, an advance of 14 from last night closing, within ten minutes had reached 80-2500 shares changing hands at an unusual volume of business for this market in so brief an interval.

REINFORCEMENTS RUSSIA'S ANSWER,

Not One Word of Peace is Heard, Says Count Cassini, Her Ambassador.

CZAR'S ARMIES MUST TRIUMPH

War to be Carried On, No Matter How Long It Takes, Till Victory Is Achieved

WAR TO BE CARRIED ON, NO MATTER HOW LONG IT TAKES, TILL VICTORY IS ACHIEVED

Washington, March 11.—"After Liao Yang there was talk of peace, Russia's answer was reinforcements. Like Liao Yang, Mukden is the scene of another retreat and again Russia's answer will be large reinforcements, but of peace not a word."

This was the emphatic statement of Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, today in the light of the morning dispatches telling of the Russian retreat. The only official news he has received in the last few days from his government, regarding the operations, is contained in a brief cablegram which came last night, saying that Gen. Kuropatkin was retreating after days of fierce fighting.

The ambassador, however, was acquainted several weeks ago with the final decision of the emperor that Russia would continue the war until Russian arms were victorious regardless of the time it would require and already preparations are being made for large reinforcements to Gen. Kuropatkin.

If an echo of peace should come out of St. Petersburg no official in Washington would be more surprised than the Russian ambassador who has all along been positively informed that nothing but victory for Gen. Kuropatkin can bring an end to the war.

REPORTED THAT PEACE OVERTURES HAVE COMMENCED

London, March 11.—The foreign office says it has nothing confirmatory of the report printed by the Daily Graphic of this city today to the effect that peace overtures between Russia and Japan have already commenced through France and Great Britain. The officials here say no negotiations are in progress so far as the British government is concerned and the government has no news forecasting such negotiations.

KINGDOM GOULD HAZED.

Columbia Sophomores Finally Got Him, Paying Up Old Scores.

New York, March 11.—Hazers at Columbia university have, it is reported, finally succeeded in exercising their arts on Kingdom Gould, son of George Gould, who caused considerable excitement sometime ago by drawing a revolver on a driver and a band of sophomores when they attempted to capture him. Six sophomores representing a secret organization of the sophomores are said to have taken Gould by surprise as he was leaving the university. They placed him under parole until night, when he was duly paroled and the class was again free. Gould, who had spoiled their plans to make him an unwilling guest at their dinner.

CHILD WIVES.

Chicago School Board May Compel Them to Go to School.

Chicago, March 11.—A school, or at least a special room, for child-wives may be established by the Chicago board of education as a result of investigation completed today by the compulsory education department. A search for wives of compulsory school age made by Supt. Bodine, has disclosed the fact that more than a score of wives under the age of 14 years are living in one Italian tenement district alone.

The investigation is also said to have proved the existence of a traffic in child-wives between this country and Europe.

TWENTY LIVES LOST.

Result of Explosion in Cambrian Colliery, Wales

Cardiff, Wales, March 11.—It is now announced that 20 lives have been lost as a result of an explosion which occurred yesterday in the Cambrian colliery at Clydachvale, in the Rhonda valley.

Henry Norcross Munn Dead.

New York, March 11.—Henry Norcross Munn, editor of "The Scientific American," is dead at his home in this city. He was a member of the firm which publishes that paper.

Diamond Polishers Strike.

New York, March 11.—All the diamond setters and polishers in one of the eight shops in New York are on strike for a 10 per cent increase and shorter hours. The force consists of but 53 polishers and 10 setters but there are in the entire country only 260 polishers and not half as many setters.

The polishers get an average of \$34.50 a week and the setters \$25 a week. It is feared in the trade that the trouble may spread.

Rojevsky Not Returning.

New York, March 11.—Admiral Rojevsky is not returning to European waters, according to a Times dispatch from St. Petersburg which asserts that the battleships in the fleet are unable to pass Suez canal without unloading.

The admiral declares it is unaware of Rojevsky's intentions, as he does not report his movements.

Nannie Nye Jackson Dead.

New York, March 11.—Mrs. Nannie Nye Jackson, widow of Frederick W. Jackson, formerly general superintendent of the Pennsylvania Railroad in New Jersey, is dead at her home in Newark, N. J. where she was a leader in charitable and church work. She was the mother of John B. Jackson, American minister to Greece.

300 GUNS AND 60,000 PRISONERS

That is What Kuropatkin Lost According to St. Petersburg Military Clubs.

KILLED AND WOUNDED SAME.

Nothing Positive Is Known of Situation, Not Even Whereabouts of Commander-in-Chief.

NO ATTEMPT TO MINIMIZE DEFEAT

If War is to be Continued a New Army Must be Massed at Harbin.

St. Petersburg, March 11, 6:50 p. m.—It is reported in the military clubs this afternoon that Gen. Kuropatkin has lost 300 guns and about 60,000 prisoners, besides about the same number of killed and wounded.

KUROPATKIN'S WHEREABOUTS UNKNOWN

St. Petersburg, March 11, 3 p. m.—The curtain which shrouds the extent of the Russian disaster at Mukden has not been pierced.

Nothing positive is known of the situation, not even Gen. Kuropatkin's own whereabouts. The commander-in-chief's message, announcing that all the armies were in full retreat, is the last definite word from the battlefield.

The absence of news gives fine play to imagination, and the city is filled with the most pessimistic reports. The public generally believes that the situation is much worse than is officially admitted here.

While military men do not attempt to minimize the Russian defeat, the failure of Tokyo to report officially the exact situation affords a glimmer of hope that the position of Kuropatkin's army is not so black as painted.

That 1,200 cars loaded with artillery and carrying wounded men northward from Mukden, during the last 10 days, is interpreted as giving ground for hope that the Russian position is not so black as painted.

Neither Emperor Nicholas nor the government have taken a step in the direction of peace and probably they will require several days to reach a decision on this point. The report that France has already been asked to intervene is, however, positively untrue.

The Associated Press is enabled to make the following report:

"The moment might prove opportune but the question of peace lies with Japan and not with Russia. Russia would welcome peace, but it must be arranged, not through a third power, but by direct negotiations between the two countries if Japan would propose moderate terms. As the victor, Japan is in a position to make the first step, and Russia cannot and will not sue for peace. Neither could she accept terms which did not recognize Russia as a power in the Far East."

The investigation is also said to have proved the existence of a traffic in child-wives between this country and Europe.

The temper of the imperial family can be judged by the fact that Grand Duke Vladimir's response when asked what would be Russia's reply to Gen. Kuropatkin's defeat:

"Send another army," was his answer.

It was evident that the dispatch of the Associated Press, from The Press (dated March 10, 1:30) was written and filed at Mukden Friday morning, and taken to Tie pass, when the telegraph station was removed there. The dispatch indicates that the Russian rear guard, which perhaps Kuropatkin had decided to deliberately sacrifice, was holding works about Mukden while the army was making its way northward and that he was covering his west flank with the rear guard.

The real tide of battle was probably about to break.

NUMBER ENGAGED.

Tokio, March 11.—The general staff estimates the number of Russians engaged in the present battle at 300,000 infantry, 26,000 cavalry and 1,365 guns. The infantry calculation allows for 378 battalions with an average of 800 men each.

THE ALBATROSS RETURNS.

San Diego, Cal., March 11.—The United States ship Albatross is in port after four months' exploration and soundings in the South Pacific. She crossed between the continent and islands four times, carrying on deep sea explorations and soundings and gathering specimens of marine life.

The explorations were under the direction of Prof. Alexander Agassiz, who had as his guests and fellow workers Henry B. Bigelow of Boston; Prof. Kofoid of the University of California and Prof. Chamberlain. None of them will speak of the scientific results of the trip, claiming that their reports must be forwarded to Washington to find their way to the people through official sources. Their work was directed according to plans outlined by government Fish Commissioner Bowdler.

Woman Golf Champion.

San Diego, Cal., March 11.—Miss Rosemont Saltwater of Boston is winner in the final game for the women's golf championship. She is a cousin of Miss Alice Roosevelt.

PEABODY-ADAMS CASE.

Colorado Supreme Court Listens To Arguments on Interrogatories

Denver, March 11.—The state supreme court today heard arguments on the question of taking up the interrogatories submitted by the general assembly with the view of testing the legality of the proposition to oust Gov. Adams and select Lieut.-Gov. Jesse F. McDonald as governor.

Attorneys for James H. Peabody, contestant for the governorship, argued that the court could take cognizance of the questions but that the legislature could not legally seat the lieutenant-governor as governor, and if a vacancy were declared former Gov. Peabody would thereby be reinstated in the office which he surrendered to Alva Adams

BOMB EXPLODES IN RUSSIAN HOTEL

The Owner, a Man With an English Passport, Had Both His Legs Torn Off.

NO DOUBT HE WAS A TERRORIST

Wife of an Officer Also Killed—He May Have Been Connected With Sergius' Assassination.

PORTLAND MINING SUIT.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, March 11.—The first trial in the Portland mining suit was heard today. T. M. Howell of Denver, testified that James Doyle, the plaintiff and J. F. Burns, the defendant, lived and worked together in "Burning of Harbin" with a large district in the winter of 1892. He detailed a conversation which he had with Burns and Doyle, in which Burns stated that there had been a falling out with the two other partners and that Doyle and Burns were going to work together as partners from that time on. It has been decided by the county authorities that no attempt will be made to interfere with the trial because of expense to the county.

OYAMA'S NEW BASE.

From Mukden He Will Go Northward.

Washington, March 11.—With Mukden as his new base, Marshal Oyama has determined to push northward in the direction of Harbin, and a large part of his army in the effort to follow up his recent victory as rapidly as possible and accomplish his one great purpose of administering a really crushing defeat to Gen. Kuropatkin. This information has reached Washington from an authoritative source, and accurately sets forth the present program of the Tokyo office.

Receiving several cablegrams telling of the victories of the Japanese around Mukden, M. Takahira, the Japanese minister, although the host at a brilliant reception last night, which lasted past midnight, was an early visitor at the state department today, where he had half an hour's conversation with Secy. Hay. As he was leaving the department, the minister was asked what effect, in his opinion, the battle of Mukden would have upon the ultimate issue of the war.

"The effect will be to heighten the scope of the conflict, though a most important one," the minister replied. "It is difficult for me to say how much the battle of Mukden will contribute to the final result, but it is certain that it must necessarily come from the other side."

"Will your government suggest peace, in the light of Oyama's victory?" the minister was asked as he entered his carriage.

"The initiative, I repeat, can scarcely be looked for from Tokyo," he replied.

No Senator in Missouri.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 11.—The ballot today for senator was without result and practically unchanged from that taken yesterday.

Will Promote Arbitration.

Vienna, March 11.—In an autograph letter, thanking Admiral Baron von Spain, Austria-Hungarian representative on the international North sea commission, for his labor, Emperor Francis Joseph expressed the opinion that the result will tend to promote the reference of international disputes to arbitration.

ACTIVE TRADE IN SMUGGLED ARMS BROKEN UP

Berlin, March 11.—An active trade in smuggled arms at Ostrowo, Prussia, and at Kallisch, Russia, was broken up this week by the joint action of the Prussian and Austrian police. The arms intercepted consisted chiefly of the poorest quality of revolvers worth \$1.25 wholesale. There is no evidence that the smugglers were agents of the revolutionists or that they were connected with any organization. They were merely adventurous travelers who sold goods on the other side of the border at 40 or 60 per cent profit, with little risk on this side of the frontier, although those caught in Russian territory are severely punished. This illicit trade has always existed, but increased in large proportion during the recent months. Such revolvers are now abundant in any Polish city, but are becoming dearer, farther in the frontier. The arms are concealed in many ways in goods sent into the country in crates, tin ware, packages of cloth and bunches of bananas. The experience of German commercial travelers in the buyers of goods frequently by request that in 20 revolvers be concealed in their packages, not because the merchants are antagonistic to the government, but because it is regarded as good business. Some firms have been quite willing when the customer's tastes were known, to throw in a few revolvers and boxes of cartridges as an inducement to buy.

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after the legislature canvassed the returns and declared him elected.

The anti-Peabody Republicans' proposition that the legislature has a right to declare a vacancy in the office of governor and select the lieutenant-governor was advocated by several attorneys.

Senator Edward T. Taylor, as anti-curse, contended that the court had no right to assume jurisdiction or answer the interrogatories.

Arguments in Chadwick Case.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 11.—J. P. Dawley, senior counsel for Mrs. Chadwick, resumed his argument today.

Mr. Dawley made a vigorous onslaught on the evidence submitted by the government. He declared that absolutely nothing had been submitted tending to prove that prior to securing the certification of checks by Spear, she had made any agreement or arrangement to that effect with him. He strongly urged the jury to remember that Mrs. Chadwick was not on trial for getting certified checks illegally, but agreeing beforehand with Beckwith and Spear to procure their certification. He dwelt at great length upon the difference between the commission of an act and a conspiracy to procure its commission and asked the jury to remember that there is as much difference between them as between a horse chestnut and a chestnut horse.

Pruning Knife Been Freely Used Upon It—Lucin Cut-Off "Sauter" for Tomorrow.

The Legislature will not adjourn tonight as hoped for. It may be the middle of the week before such action is taken though the senate might be ready to do so by Monday night. The house, however, cannot dispose of its business by that time.

This afternoon there will be another list of appointments go in from the governor to the senate, and this evening members of that body will be the guests of Gov. Cutler at a Commercial club dinner. The appropriation bill that is being submitted at the eleventh hour, almost in the throes of adjournment, is predicted, is going to contain some most astounding surprises, it being stated that the pruning knife of economy has been used with extraordinary vigor, and that the recommendations of the committee will "have to go." This afternoon at a late hour, it is said that the University and Agricultural college consolidation proposition will come up again and with promising prospects of passage.

Tomorrow some of the senators, and perhaps some house members will take a "saunter" over the Lucin cut-off.

THE BIG SCHOOL FIGHT.

For the third consecutive day the senate chamber was thronged this morning with friends of the two state schools engaged in a life and death struggle for supremacy in the state's educational system.

This time the array in favor of submitting a proposition to the people to the state school system, which is a University worthy of ranking alongside of substantial universities, or shall prolong the agony, as Senator Bennion puts it, of continuing two weak and backward rivals, was very strong.

The educational leaders this morning were insistent in their plea that while the state's lower schools are excellent, its higher education is deplorably below standard, that its University is not, in fact, the center of its educational system, and lacks the prestige and standing to make it worthy of the state and capable of turning out in reality a university trained men and women.

The feeling that the fight is partisan, instead of being waged on the high grounds of securing the best public service was less apparent than when the first vote was taken Thursday afternoon.

The matter is scheduled for further consideration this afternoon when a compromise resolution is expected to pass the senate.

APPROPRIATION SURPRISES.

The report of the committee on appropriations is diverting the interest on the consolidation matter. While it is not yet fully prepared, it is stated that the scaling down of funds is carried to an appalling extent and that it goes even to the extent of leaving out several political offices.

Still to be acted upon are appointments for the state board of corrections, the mental hospital board and the state board of horticulture.

For the horticultural board the following are to be submitted: Thomas Judd, John E. Cox, C. A. Hickenlooper and Prof. J. A. Whitson and E. D. Ball of the Agricultural college.

WILL DINE TONIGHT.

This morning invitations arrived to the senate, the members of the press, and attaches, from the Commercial club, at 6 o'clock. A large legislative gathering is said to be scheduled.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

H. B. 126, by Hawley, on the salaries of county officers. Not to pass. Adopted.

H. B. 135, on pawnbrokers. Not to pass.

H. B. 205, regarding undertakings on appeal. Not to pass.

H. B. 230, on the forms of pleadings in justice's courts.

H